

Uuguzi Ujerumani: Mwongozo Kamili (Ausbildung)

Njia mbili: uanze mafunzo ya uuguzi yanayolipwa (Ausbildung) au utambuzi wa diploma yako ya uuguzi ya Tanzania. Mahitaji, lugha, utambuzi wa sifa, na visa — kwa lugha rahisi, yote yamehakikiwa kwenye vyanzo rasmi.

Maandishi makuu yako kwa Kiswahili. Maneno rasmi ya Kijerumani yamebaki pale yanapoonekana kwenye hati na sheria, na yanaelezwa kwenye maelezo ya chini (gloss).

Njia 2: Ausbildung au Anerkennung

Kijerumani B1–B2 — B2 ndicho muhimu

Mshahara 2026: kutoka €1,490.69

Visa: Ubalozi wa Ujerumani, DSM

Ujerumani ina uhaba mkubwa wa wauguzi, na imefungua njia rasmi kwa wataalamu wa nje ya Umoja wa Ulaya — lakini ni muhimu kujua kwamba **uuguzi ni taaluma inayodhibitiwa na sheria (regulated profession)** nchini humo. Huwezi kufanya kazi ya muuguzi kwa kutumia diploma yako ya Tanzania moja kwa moja. Kuna hatua rasmi za kufuata, na zinaweza kuchukua mwaka mmoja hadi miwili kukamilika.

*Germany has a serious shortage of nurses and has opened official routes for professionals from outside the EU — but you need to know that **nursing is a regulated profession** there. You cannot simply start working as a nurse with your Tanzanian diploma. There are official steps to follow, and they can take one to two years in total.*

1 Njia mbili — chagua yako

The two routes — choose yours

Watu wengi huchanganya njia hizi mbili. Ziko tofauti kabisa:

Many people mix these two routes up. They are completely different:

Njia Route	Ni nini What it is	Muda Length	Malipo Pay
Ausbildung (Pflegefachperson)	Mafunzo ya uuguzi kuanzia mwanzo — unajifunza hospitalini na shuleni, kisha mtihamu wa serikali. Huhitaji diploma ya uuguzi ya awali. <i>Nursing training from scratch — you learn in a hospital and at school, then sit the state exam. No previous nursing diploma needed.</i>	Miaka 3 3 years	Unalipwa kila mwezi <i>Monthly salary</i>
Utambuzi wa sifa Recognition (Anerkennung)	Diploma yako ya uuguzi ya Tanzania inalinganishwa na mafunzo ya Ujerumani. Ukikubaliwa, unafanya kazi kama muuguzi mtaalamu mara moja (baada ya hatua za ziada endapo zitahitajika). <i>Your Tanzanian nursing diploma is compared with the German training. If accepted, you work as a qualified nurse straight away (after any extra steps required).</i>	Miezi kadhaa hadi miaka 2 Several months to 2 years	Unalipwa baada ya leseni <i>Paid after the licence</i>

Ni ipi yako? Huna sifa ya uuguzi bado, au umesoma lakini unataka kuanza upya kwa mfumo wa Ujerumani? → **Ausbildung**. Tayari una diploma ya uuguzi (mfano kutoka Tanzania) na unataka kufanya kazi ya muuguzi haraka iwezekanavyo? → **Utambuzi wa sifa**.

Which is yours? No nursing qualification yet, or you studied but want to start fresh in the German system? → **Ausbildung**. Already hold a nursing diploma (e.g. from Tanzania) and want to work as a nurse as fast as possible? → **Recognition**.

2 Ausbildung: mahitaji ya kujiunga

Ausbildung: admission requirements

Kwa mujibu wa tovuti rasmi ya serikali ya Ujerumani (*Make it in Germany*), Miaka miwili ya kwanza ya mafunzo inafundisha uuguzi wa jumla; kabla ya mwaka wa tatu unachagua utaalamu — uuguzi wa wazee (geriatric), wa watoto (paediatric), au kuendelea na uuguzi wa jumla. Mafunzo yanaisha kwa **mtihani wa serikali** (sehemu ya maandishi, mdomo na vitendo).

*According to the German government's official portal (Make it in Germany), the first two years of training teach general nursing; before your third year you choose a specialisation — geriatric (elderly care), paediatric (children's nursing), or continue with general nursing. Training ends with a **state examination** (written, oral and practical parts).*

Mahitaji rasmi ya kujiunga (yanatofautiana kidogo kati ya majimbo):

The official admission requirements (they vary a little between federal states):

1. **Cheti cha kumaliza sekondari** (intermediate school-leaving certificate). Taasisi inayofundisha ndiyo inayoamua kama cheti chako cha Tanzania kinakubalika — kama hakipo kwenye orodha ya anabin, huenda ukahitaji tathmini ya ZAB (angalia sehemu ya visa).

***A certificate of intermediate education.** The training provider decides whether your Tanzanian certificate is accepted — if it is not on the anabin list, you may need a ZAB evaluation (see the visa section).*

2. **Kijerumani cha kutosha** — kiwango B1 au B2 (kinategemea jimbo). Kwa mazoezi, hospitali na shule nyingi za uuguzi zinataka **B2** kwa sababu unazungumza na wagonjwa.

***Sufficient German** — level B1 or B2 (depending on the federal state). In practice, most hospitals and nursing schools want **B2** because you talk to patients.*

3. **Cheti cha afya** kinachoonyesha wewe ni mzima kimwili na kiakili (kinaweza kutoka Tanzania au Ujerumani; kwa visa ya mafunzo kinaweza kuwasilishwa baada ya kufika).

***A health certificate** showing you are physically and mentally fit (from Tanzania or Germany; for the training visa it may be submitted after entry).*

4. **Hakuna rekodi ya uhalifu** — cheti cha tabia njema (kutoka Tanzania au cheti cha Ujerumani — *Führungszeugnis*).

***No criminal record** — a certificate of good conduct (from Tanzania or the German Führungszeugnis).*

Ausbildung = mafunzo ya taaluma; Pflegefachperson = muuguzi mtaalamu wa Ujerumani (jina rasmi la kitaaluma); anabin = orodha rasmi ya kuangalia kama cheti cha kigeni kinatambulika; ZAB = Zentralstelle für ausländisches Bildungswesen (kituo cha kitaifa cha tathmini ya vyeti vya elimu).

Hakuna kikomo cha umri kilichowekwa na sheria kwa njia hii, lakini mwajiri anaweza kuwa na vigezo vyake. Ushauri: **anza kabla ya umri wa miaka 35** — ndiyo ukweli wa soko: wengi wa walioajiriwa ni wenye umri mdogo.

*There is no age limit set by law on this route, but an employer may have its own criteria. Advice: **start before your mid-30s** — that is the market reality: most recruits are younger.*

3 Lugha ya Kijerumani — ndio kigezo kikubwa

German — the biggest single hurdle

Lugha ndicho kigezo cha kwanza kinachoamua kama utafanikiwa au la. Hakuna kazi ya uuguzi bila kujieleza kwa wagonjwa na timu ya hospitali.

Language is the first criterion that sorts you in or out. There is no nursing job without being able to communicate with patients and the hospital team.

- **Njia ya Ausbildung:** B1 ni kiwango cha chini kinachotajwa, lakini B2 ndicho kinachofungua milango — hospitali nyingi zinaomba B2 kabla ya mkataba.

Ausbildung route: *B1 is the minimum mentioned, but B2 is what opens doors — most hospitals ask for B2 before the contract.*

- **Njia ya utambuzi (kufanya kazi kama muuguzi mtaalamu):** B2 ni sharti rasmi kwa leseni ya taaluma.

Recognition route (working as a qualified nurse): *B2 is a formal requirement for the professional licence.*

Kujifunza kuanzia sifuri hadi B2 kwa kawaida huchukua **miezi 12–24** kwa kujitolea. Kuanzia B1 hadi B2 ni miezi 4–8 ya masomo makali.

*Going from zero to B2 usually takes **12–24 months** of committed study. From B1 to B2 is 4–8 months of intensive classes.*

Wapi Tanzania: Goethe-Institut Dar es Salaam hutoa kozi za Kijerumani na mitihani ya **Goethe-Zertifikat B1 na B2** kila mwaka jijini Dar es Salaam (pia huandaa mitihani ya telc). Cheti lazima kitolewe na taasisi inayotambulika (ALTE) — Goethe na telc ndizo zinazokubalika zaidi.

Where in Tanzania: *the Goethe-Institut Dar es Salaam runs German courses and the **Goethe-Zertifikat B1 and B2 exams** every year in Dar es Salaam (it also prepares for telc exams). The certificate must come from a recognised (ALTE) institution — Goethe and telc are the most widely accepted.*

Bure: app ya IQ Network "Ein Tag Deutsch in der Pflege" (Kijerumani kwa uuguzi) na kozi ya mtandaoni IMED-KOMM kwa wataalamu wa afya — zote zimetajwa na tovuti rasmi ya serikali.

Free: *the IQ Network app "Ein Tag Deutsch in der Pflege" (a day of German in nursing) and the IMED-KOMM online course for health professionals — both named on the government's official site.*

4 Una diploma ya uuguzi? Utambuzi wa sifa (Anerkennung)

Hold a nursing diploma? Recognition of your qualification (Anerkennung)

Ili kufanya kazi ya muuguzi Ujerumani unahitaji **utambuzi wa sifa yako + leseni ya taaluma (Berufserlaubnis)**. Mchakato: mamlaka ya jimbo ambapo mwajiri wako yupo hulinganisha mafunzo yako ya Tanzania na mafunzo rasmi ya Ujerumani (Pflegefachperson). Utambuzi unaotolewa unatumika Ujerumani nzima.

*To work as a nurse in Germany you need **recognition of your qualification + a licence to practise (Berufserlaubnis)**. The process: the authority of the federal state where your employer is located compares your Tanzanian training with the German training (Pflegefachperson). Recognition granted is valid across Germany.*

Matokeo yanaweza kuwa mawili:

There are two possible outcomes:

- **Utambuzi kamili** — mafunzo yako yanaonekana sawa na ya Ujerumani. Unapata leseni na unaweza kuomba kazi ya muuguzi mara moja.
***Full recognition** — your training is judged equivalent. You get the licence and can apply for nursing jobs right away.*
- **Utambuzi wa sehemu** — kuna tofauti kubwa (wesentliche Unterschiede). Hutapewa leseni kamili mpaka ukamilishe **kipindi cha kuzoea (Anpassungslehrgang)** au **mtihani wa maarifa (Kenntnisprüfung)** Ujerumani. Hii ndiyo hali ya kawaida kwa wahitimu wengi wa nje ya EU.
***Partial recognition** — there are substantial differences. You do not get the full licence until you complete an **adaptation period (Anpassungslehrgang)** or pass a **knowledge test (Kenntnisprüfung)** in Germany. This is the common situation for most non-EU graduates.*

Anpassungslehrgang = kipindi cha kufanya kazi na kujifunza hospitalini chini ya uangalizi (kawaida unalipwa endapo mwajiri anakukaribisha); Kenntnisprüfung = mtihani wa maarifa ya kitaaluma; Berufserlaubnis = idhini rasmi ya kutumia cheo cha kitaaluma na kufanya kazi.

Nyaraka unazohitaji kuandaa (kwa kawaida, na tafsiri zilizothibitishwa): diploma ya uuguzi, nakala za matokeo (transcripts), mtaala kamili wa masomo (curriculum/syllabus) — huu ndio muhimu zaidi, cheti cha tabia njema, cheti cha afya, pasipoti, na uthibitisho wa Kijerumani B2. Ada zinawekwa na kila jimbo — kwa kawaida **mamia ya euro**, si maelfu. Sheria inampa mamlaka **muda wa miezi 3** kuamua tangu kupokea nyaraka kamili (inaweza kuongezwa).

Documents to prepare (usually, with certified translations): your nursing diploma, transcripts, the full curriculum of your training (this is the most important one), a good-conduct certificate, a health certificate, your passport, and proof of German at B2. Fees are set by each state — typically **a few hundred euros**, not thousands. The law gives the authority **three months** to decide once your documents are complete (extendable).

Visa: ukapata utambuzi kamili + leseni + ofa ya kazi → unaomba visa ya kazi kwa wataalamu (§18a). Ukapata utambuzi wa sehemu na unahitaji kukamilisha kipindi cha kuzoea nchini Ujerumani → unaomba visa ya utambuzi wa sifa (§16d). Unaweza pia kuanza mchakato wa utambuzi **ukiwa bado nchini Tanzania** — usisubiri uwe na mkataba.

*Visa: full recognition + licence + a concrete job offer → you apply for the skilled-worker visa (§18a). Partial recognition and you need to finish an adaptation programme in Germany → you apply for the recognition visa (§16d). You can also start the recognition process **while still in Tanzania** — do not wait for a contract.*

5 Kutafuta na kuomba nafasi ya Ausbildung

Finding and applying for an Ausbildung place

Kwa njia ya Ausbildung, unatafuta **mkataba wa mafunzo na hospitali au taasisi ya huduma za afya**. Hapa ndipo unapotafuta:

*For the Ausbildung route, you look for a **training contract with a hospital or care institution**. Here is where to look:*

- **Moja kwa moja kwa hospitali** — kurasa zao za "Ausbildung"/"Karriere" (career) zina nafasi halisi; waandikie kwa Kijerumani.
***Directly to hospitals** — their "Ausbildung"/career pages list real vacancies; write to them in German.*
- **Jobbörse ya Shirika la Ajira la Ujerumani** (arbeitsagentur.de) na matangazo ya kazi ya *Make it in Germany*.
***The German Federal Employment Agency's Jobbörse** (arbeitsagentur.de) and the *Make it in Germany* job listings.*
- **Mawakala binafsi wa uwekaji kazi (placement agencies)** — lakini soma onyo kwenye sehemu ya mwisho kwanza.
***Private placement agencies** — but read the warning at the end of this guide first.*

Maombi yako (Bewerbung) kwa kawaida yanahitaji: CV kwa muundo wa Europass (kwa Kijerumani au Kiingereza), barua ya motisha kwa Kijerumani inayoeleza kwa nini uuguzi na kwa nini hospitali hiyo, vyeti vya shule (vilivyotafsiriwa), cheti cha Kijerumani, na vyeti vya afya/tabia njema endapo vinahitajika. Mahojiano hufanyika mtandaoni. Ukikubaliwa utapata **mkataba wa mafunzo** unaoonyesha muda wa kazi, eneo la kazi na mshahara.

***Your application (Bewerbung)** typically needs: a CV in Europass format (in German or English), a motivation letter in German explaining why nursing and why that hospital, your school certificates (translated), your German certificate, and health/good-conduct certificates if required. Interviews happen online. If accepted, you get a **training contract** stating working hours, workplace and salary.*

Kidokezo: mwajiri wa Ujerumani anaweza kuomba **idhini ya mapema ya ZAV** (huduma za kimataifa za Shirika la Ajira) kabla hujafika — inafupisha kwa kiasi kikubwa muda wa visa. Ukumbushe mwajiri wako kuhusu hii.

*Tip: your German employer can apply for **advance approval from the ZAV** (the Employment Agency's international services) before you arrive — it shortens visa processing considerably. Remind your employer about this.*

6 Visa na nyaraka — Tanzania

The visa and paperwork — Tanzania

Watanzania wanahitaji **visa ya kitaifa ya mafunzo ya taaluma (§16a)** — inaombwa kwenye **Ubalizi wa Ujerumani, Dar es Salaam**. Tangu mwaka wa 2025/2026 maombi huanza mtandaoni kwenye Consular Services Portal: unajaza fomu, unapakia nyaraka, mabalozi wanakagua ukamilifu, kisha wanakupa namba ya miadi. Hakuna miadi kwa simu au ana kwa ana.

*Tanzanians need a **national visa for vocational training (§16a)** — applied for at the **German Embassy, Dar es Salaam**. Since 2025/2026 applications start online on the Consular Services Portal: you complete the form, upload documents, the embassy pre-checks them, then you receive an appointment slot. No appointments by phone or in person.*

Nyaraka kuu (kwa mujibu wa orodha rasmi ya ubalozi):

The main documents (per the embassy's official checklist):

- Pasipoti halali kwa **angalau mwaka 1** tangu visa itakapotolewa, na kurasa 2 tupu
*Passport valid for **at least one year** from issue of the visa, with 2 blank pages*
- Fomu ya maombi (VIDEX) iliyotiwa saini, picha ya pasipoti (3.5×4.5 cm)
The signed application form (VIDEX), a biometric passport photo (3.5×4.5 cm)
- Vyeti vyote vya shule + cheti cha juu cha sekondari + uthibitisho wa anabin kwamba cheti chako kinatambulika (au tathmini ya ZAB ikiwa hakipo kwenye orodha)
All school reports + your highest secondary certificate + anabin proof that it is recognised (or a ZAB evaluation if it is not listed)
- **Mkataba wa mafunzo** (kwa Kijerumani, uliotiwa saini na mwajiri na wewe) + mpango wa mafunzo
***The training contract** (in German, signed by employer and trainee) + the training plan*
- Barua ya motisha kwa Kijerumani + CV (Europass)
A motivation letter in German + CV (Europass)
- Uthibitisho wa Kijerumani (kwa kawaida angalau B1; cheti kutoka taasisi ya ALTE) — au uthibitisho wa kujiunga na kozi ya lugha kabla ya mafunzo
Proof of German (usually at least B1; certificate from an ALTE institution) — or proof of enrolment in a language course before the training
- Uthibitisho wa fedha (mshahara wa mafunzo, au blocked account / hati ya dhamana kwa tofauti) — maelezo kamili kwenye mwongozo wetu wa blocked account
Proof of financing (the training salary, or a blocked account / declaration of commitment for any shortfall) — full detail in our blocked-account guide
- Nyaraka zote za Tanzania zilizotolewa na serikali **zinahitaji kuwa legalised**, na zote zinahitaji kuwa kwa Kiingereza au tafsiri inayotambulika
*All Tanzanian state-issued documents **must be legalised**, and everything must be in English or carry a recognised translation*

Muda wa usindikaji: kwa kawaida **wiki 8** tangu uwasilishe nyaraka kamili (kwa sababu visa nyingi zinahitaji idhini ya mamlaka Ujerumani). Usiombe taarifa za hali ya maombi — hazijibiwi. Kwa kozi ya lugha ya maandalizi isiyolipwa kabla ya mafunzo, unahitaji pia kuthibitisha fedha za miezi hiyo (blocked account au

hati ya dhamana).

*Processing time: usually **8 weeks** from complete documents (most visas need approval from authorities in Germany). Do not request status updates — they are not answered. For an unpaid preparatory language course before the training, you must also prove funds for those months (blocked account or declaration of commitment).*

7 Fedha — mshahara wa Ausbildung 2026

Money — the 2026 Ausbildung salary

Mafunzo ya uuguzi ni **mafunzo yanayolipwa**. Kwenye hospitali za umma na taasisi zinazofuata mkataba wa pamoja (TVAöD Pflege), mshahara wa kila mwezi wa 2026 (tangu 1 Mei 2026) ni:

*Nursing training is **paid training**. At public hospitals and institutions bound by the collective agreement (TVAöD Pflege), the monthly salary in 2026 (from 1 May 2026) is:*

- Mwaka wa 1: **€1,490.69** kwa mwezi (kabla ya kodi)

Year 1: €1,490.69 per month (gross)

- Mwaka wa 2: **€1,552.07**

Year 2: €1,552.07

- Mwaka wa 3: **€1,653.38**

Year 3: €1,653.38

Hospitali za kibinafsi zinaweza kutofautiana, lakini kiwango kiko karibu na hicho. Mshahara unapokelewa **kila mwezi** na michango ya kijamii inakatwa moja kwa moja kwenye mshahara (bima ya afya, pensheni, na bima ya ukosefu wa ajira).

*Private hospitals can differ, but the level is comparable. The salary is paid **every month**, and social contributions are deducted automatically (health, pension, unemployment insurance).*

Habari njema kuhusu blocked account: mshahara huu wa mafunzo uko **juu sana ya kiwango rasmi** kinachohitajika (2026: €1,048 kwa mwezi kabla ya kodi) — kwa hiyo kwa mkataba unaostahili wa Ausbildung ya uuguzi, kwa kawaida **hautahitajika kuweka €12,000 kwenye blocked account**. Tuna mwongozo maalum unaoeleza hili kwa kina: [Je, unahitaji €12,000 kwenye Blocked Account?](#)

Good news on the blocked account: this training salary is **well above the official threshold** required (2026: €1,048 per month gross) — so with a qualifying paid nursing Ausbildung contract you will usually **not need to deposit €12,000 in a blocked account**. We have a dedicated guide explaining this in depth: [Do You Need to Deposit €12,000 in a Blocked Account?](#)

8 Mpangilio halisi wa muda

A realistic timeline

1. **Anza lugha sasa** (miezi 12–24 hadi B2) — hii ndiyo kigezo kikubwa zaidi. Kwa wenye diploma: anza pia mchakato wa utambuzi mapema.
***Start the language now** (12–24 months to B2) — this is the biggest gate. Diploma holders: also start the recognition process early.*
2. **Andaa nyaraka:** pasipoti, vyeti vya shule, legalization na tafsiri, cheti cha afya na tabia njema.
***Prepare documents:** passport, school certificates, legalisation and translations, health and good-conduct certificates.*
3. **Omba nafasi za Ausbildung** miezi 9–12 kabla ya tarehe unayotaka kuanza (mafunzo mengi yanaanza Septemba/Oktoba).
***Apply for Ausbildung places** 9–12 months before your target start (most training starts in September/October).*
4. **Omba visa** mara tu upate mkataba — usisubiri hadi wiki za mwisho (usindikaji wiki 8+).
***Apply for the visa** the moment you have the contract — do not wait until the last weeks (processing 8+ weeks).*
5. **Ingia Ujerumani na uanze mafunzo** — miaka 3, mtihani wa serikali mwishoni, kisha kazi kama Pflegefachperson.
***Enter Germany and start the training** — 3 years, state exam at the end, then work as a Pflegefachperson.*

9

Tahadhari na ushauri wa mwisho

Warnings and final advice

Hakuna mtu anayeweza kukuhakikishia mkataba au visa. Programu rasmi za serikali ya Ujerumani (Triple Win, APAL) kwa sasa hazijumuishi Tanzania — kwa hiyo mtu yeyote anayedai "programu rasmi ya serikali kwa Watanzania" ni tapeli au amekosea. Mkataba halisi wa Ausbildung hutoka kwa hospitali au taasisi — ukiona biashara inayouza "nafasi za uuguzi Ujerumani" kwa pesa nyingi, kuwa makini sana.

Nobody can guarantee you a contract or a visa. *The German government's official programmes (Triple Win, APAL) do not currently include Tanzania — so anyone claiming an "official government programme for Tanzanians" is a fraud or mistaken. A real Ausbildung contract comes from a hospital or institution — if you see a business selling "nursing places in Germany" for large sums, be extremely careful.*

Mawakala halali wanaweza kusaidia, lakini: usilipe kabla ya kuona mkataba halisi, hakikisha kituo cha mafunzo ni halali (mtihani: tafuta jina lake mtandaoni + wasiliana na hospitali moja kwa moja), na angalia muhuri wa **"Fair Recruitment Healthcare Germany"** kwa mawakala wa kazi za afya.

*Legitimate agents can help, but: never pay before seeing a real contract, make sure the training provider is real (test: search its name online + contact the hospital directly), and look for the **"Fair Recruitment Healthcare Germany"** seal for healthcare placement agencies.*

Vyanzo vya kutumia tu: maelezo yote kwenye mwongozo huu yalihakikiwa kwenye tovuti rasmi: make-it-in-germany.com (portal ya serikali ya Ujerumani), daressalam.diplo.de (ubalozi, Dar es Salaam), anerkennung-in-deutschland.de (utambuzi wa sifa) na anabin.kmk.org (vyeti vya elimu). Sheria na takwimu hubadilika — **hakiki tena kabla ya kulipa au kuwasilisha chochote**, hasa mwaka wa maombi yako.

Use only these sources: *everything in this guide was verified on the official sites: make-it-in-germany.com (the German government's portal), daressalam.diplo.de (the embassy, Dar es Salaam), anerkennung-in-deutschland.de (qualification recognition) and anabin.kmk.org (school certificates). Rules and figures change — re-verify before you pay or submit anything, especially in the year you apply.*

10 Vyanzo rasmi

Official sources

- make-it-in-germany.com — [Nursing professional](#) — maelezo rasmi ya taaluma, mahitaji na mshahara
official profile of the profession, requirements and allowance
- make-it-in-germany.com — [Nursing and care professionals from abroad](#) — utambuzi, leseni na visa
kwa wauguzi wa nje ya EU
recognition, licence and visas for non-EU nurses
- anerkennung-in-deutschland.de — [Recognition Finder](#) — tafuta mamlaka sahihi ya utambuzi wa sifa
yako
find the competent authority for your qualification
- anabin.kmk.org — angalia kama vyeti vya shule vya Tanzania vinatambulika
check whether Tanzanian school certificates are recognised
- daressalam.diplo.de — [Visa for vocational training](#) — orodha rasmi ya nyaraka kwa maombi ya visa
Tanzania
the official visa checklist for applications in Tanzania
- goethe.de/ins/ts — [Goethe-Institut Tanzania](#) — kozi na mitihani ya Kijerumani Dar es Salaam
German courses and exams in Dar es Salaam

Una swali kuhusu kesi yako?

Question about your own case?

Mwongozo huu ni wa jumla. Kama unataka kuangalia hali yako mwenyewe — lugha yako, cheti chako, ofa ya Ausbildung au hatua za utambuzi — niandikie.

This guide is general. If you want your own situation looked at — your language level, your certificates, an Ausbildung offer or the recognition steps — message me.

Niandikie WhatsApp

Message me on WhatsApp

Huu si ushauri wa kisheria na mwandishi si wakili wa uhamiaji. Sheria, kiwango cha fedha na mahitaji ya ubalozi hubadilika — thibitisha kila kitu kwenye tovuti rasmi kabla ya kulipa au kuwasilisha chochote. Uamuzi wa visa uko mikononi mwa mamlaka za Ujerumani pekee.

This is general information, not legal advice, and the author is not an immigration attorney. Laws, financial thresholds and embassy requirements change — verify everything on the official sites before paying or submitting. The visa decision belongs to the German authorities alone.

Kuhusu mwongozo huu. Umeandaliwa na Mr Fly Away (Eden World), Dar es Salaam, Septemba 2026. Taarifa zimechukuliwa kutoka make-it-in-germany.com, daressalam.diplo.de na anerkennung-in-deutschland.de.

About this guide. Prepared by Mr Fly Away (Eden World), Dar es Salaam, September 2026. Information drawn from make-it-in-germany.com, daressalam.diplo.de and anerkennung-in-deutschland.de.